

Contents

Preface — VII

Acknowledgments — IX

1 Basic characteristics of abelian groups — 1

- 1.1 Preliminaries — 1
- 1.2 Commutative diagrams — 5
- 1.3 The torsion part of a group — 8
- 1.4 Independence and rank — 9
- 1.5 Free abelian groups — 11
- 1.6 Divisible groups — 13
- 1.7 Purity, p -independence and p -basic subgroups — 17
- 1.8 Bounded groups — 21
- 1.9 Finitely generated groups — 22
- 1.10 Heights and isotypeness — 23
- 1.11 Characteristics and examples of heights — 27
- 1.12 Proper elements and height-preserving homomorphisms — 29
- 1.13 Ulm invariants — 31
- 1.14 Ulm's theorem — 35
- 1.15 Completely decomposable torsion-free groups — 37
- 1.16 Hom and Ext — 40
- 1.17 Tensor products and p -localizations — 53

2 Simply presented groups — 61

- 2.1 p -Nice submodules — 61
- 2.2 Families of subgroups and the third axiom of countability — 63
- 2.3 Classification of p -groups with nice systems — 68
- 2.4 Totally projective p -groups and generalized Prüfer groups — 72
- 2.5 Defining relations and simple presentations — 75
- 2.6 Simply presented torsion-free groups — 78
- 2.7 Richman–Walker groups and variations — 79
- 2.8 Simply presented torsion groups — 82
- 2.9 Balanced-projective p -groups — 94
- 2.10 The class of simply presented p -groups — 98
- 2.11 Going further — 100

3 Warfield groups — 103

- 3.1 Groups with decomposition bases — 103
- 3.2 The local classification theorem — 107

3.3	The class of Warfield modules —	114
3.4	The p -localization of a group —	116
3.5	Compatible Ulm matrices —	120
3.6	The subgroups $G(\bar{\alpha}^*, p)$, $G(M^*)$, $G(M^*, p)$ and $*$ -valuated coproducts —	121
3.7	The global classification theorem —	125
3.8	Nice subgroups —	132
3.9	Quasi-sequentially nice subgroups —	138
3.10	Primitive elements and $*$ -decomposition sets —	143
3.11	k -Subgroups and k -basic subgroups —	153
3.12	Knice subgroups and k -groups —	162
3.13	k -Subgroups and strong k -subgroups —	169
3.14	Sequentially-pure-projective groups —	172
3.15	Locally compatible and separable subgroups —	176
3.16	The class of global Warfield groups —	180
3.17	Going further —	181
4	Infinitary logic looks at groups —	183
4.1	Partial isomorphisms —	183
4.2	The language $L_{\infty\omega}$ and $L_{\infty\omega}^\lambda$ —	185
4.3	Karp's theorem —	189
4.4	Expressibility in $L_{\infty\omega}$ —	191
4.5	The classification of torsion groups up to partial isomorphism —	195
4.6	Going further —	200
5	Groups with partial decomposition bases —	203
5.1	Partial decomposition bases —	203
5.2	Classification of local groups up to partial isomorphism —	211
5.3	Classification of general groups up to partial isomorphism —	216
5.4	Classification up to an ordinal —	220
5.5	PDB groups and k -groups —	235
5.6	Partial subbases and properties of $*$ -decomposition sets —	238
5.7	PDB groups and Warfield groups —	244
5.8	The class of PDB groups —	250
5.9	Infinitary logic perspective —	253
5.10	Going further —	260
6	Characters and Pontrjagin duality of locally compact abelian groups —	263
6.1	Preliminaries —	263
6.2	Character groups and Pontrjagin duality —	267
6.3	Discrete and compact groups —	269
6.4	Annihilators —	270

- 6.5 Proper homomorphisms and extensions of LCA groups — 276
- 6.6 Topological p -groups — 278
- 6.7 Going further — 282

7 Classifications of compact abelian groups — 285

- 7.1 Dimension, p -dimension and p -order — 285
- 7.2 Compact torsion and torsion-free groups — 287
- 7.3 Simply given groups — 288
- 7.4 Simply given totally disconnected groups — 289
- 7.5 Simply given connected groups — 295
- 7.6 Direct factors of simply given groups — 296
- 7.7 Groups with partial quasi-decompositions — 305
- 7.8 Going further — 309

Symbols — 311

Bibliography — 315

Index — 321

