

**The New Method and Findings of Geolinguistics,
using Linguistic Atlases from every Decade
with regard to the Phrase “It will be fine tomorrow.”**

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1. Introduction

1.1 Aim (Abstract)

This study aims to interpret eight maps from my own linguistic atlases for Japan, which were made at an interval of every ten years. This is an attempt by me to establish “a chronology of linguistic atlases for every decade”.

1.2 Data

Fig. 1: Linguistic Atlas of Aichi Prefecture, the Elderly, 1966–1968, 1970–1971, field survey, 80 locations – Fig. 2: Linguistic Atlas of Aichi Prefecture, the Younger Generation, 1966–1968, 1970–1971, field survey, 80 locations – Fig. 3: Linguistic Atlas of Central Japan, the Elderly, 1976–1977, 1977–1978, field survey, 167 locations – Fig. 4: Linguistic Atlas of Central Japan, the Younger Generation, 1989–1991, field survey, 141 locations – Fig. 5: Linguistic Atlas of Central Japan II, Adults, 1994, postal survey, 272 locations – Fig. 6: Linguistic Atlas of Japanese Islands, Adults, 2005, postal survey, 507 locations – Fig. 7: Linguistic Atlas of Japanese Islands, the Younger Generation, 2005–2006, postal survey, 252 locations – Fig. 8: Total Atlas results.

1.3 Questionnaire

How do you say “It will be fine tomorrow”? ASHITAWA HARERU DAROU. “Darou” is an auxiliary verb. The phrase “will be” is equal to “darou”. It means tomorrow’s forecast.