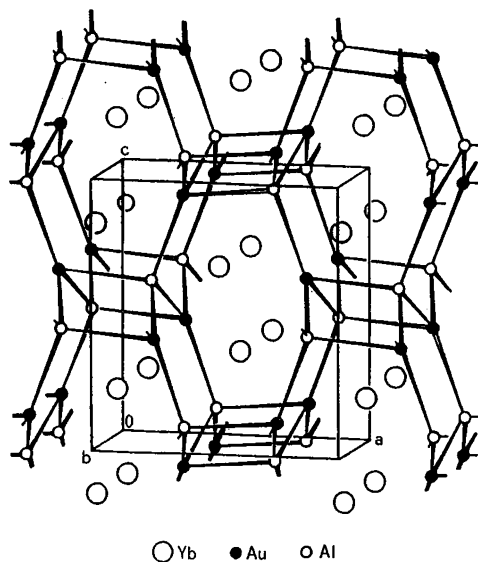


Crystal structure of ytterbium gold aluminium, YbAuAl

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(Received January 31, 1991)



Source of material: The compound was prepared by melting the elements in stoichiometric amounts in corundum crucibles for 2 h at 1400 K and cooling to room temperature at a ratio of 100 K/h.

The title compound crystallizes in the NiSiTi (Co_2Si) structure type. Au- and Al-atoms form a framework of tetrahedra. The ytterbium atoms (CN = 16) occupy voids of this Au/Al-framework. Interatomic distances are: $d(\text{Yb-Yb}) = 3.662(1)$ – $3.735(1)$ Å, $d(\text{Yb-Au}) = 3.022(2)$ – $3.640(2)$ Å, $d(\text{Yb-Al}) = 3.190(9)$ – $3.3360(9)$ Å, $d(\text{Au-Al}) = 2.645(9)$ – $2.713(9)$ Å, $d(\text{Al-Al}) = 3.425(14)$ Å.

Orthorhombic, Pnma (no 62), $a = 7.210(2)$, $b = 4.488(1)$, $c = 7.732(2)$ Å, $V = 250.2$ Å³, $Z = 4$, $\rho_m = 10.52$ g · cm⁻³, $R = 0.053$.