

## Data Sharing Policy

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Research data should be made widely available to the research community in order to demonstrate the robustness and validity of the research presented in the journal, to encourage replication of the results, and to provide the community with opportunities to learn. Such transparency improves the quality of science and benefits not only the wider research community, but the researchers as well by increasing their impact and enhancing their citation rates.

### Policy summary for authors

By publishing in the journal authors are required to provide a data availability statement (DAS) in their articles. Authors are encouraged to share their data but not required to. The decision to publish will not be affected by whether or not authors share their research data.

**Required:**

- Data availability statements

**Optional:**

- Data citation
- Data sharing via repositories for all research data

### Definition of research data

This policy applies to the research data that would be required to verify the results of research reported in articles published in the journal. Research data include data produced by the authors (“primary data”) and data from other sources that are analyzed by authors in their study (“secondary data”). Research data includes any recorded factual material that are used to produce the results in digital and non-digital form. This may include (but is not limited to) tabular data, code, images, audio, questionnaires, documents, video, raw and/or processed data.

Authors are encouraged to share any data that were generated by the authors to produce the results (i.e. primary data) and properly cite any reused or analyzed data (i.e. secondary data) as indicated in Data citation section below.

We encourage your data to be accompanied by rich metadata, i.e. who collected the data, how, why, when, where, who founded the data collection and so on (e.g. in the format of a READ-ME txt file).

### Definition of exceptions

Research data that are not required to verify the results reported in articles are not covered by this policy.

This policy does not require public sharing of quantitative or qualitative data that are personal or sensitive, e.g. could identify a research participant unless participants have consented to data release. The policy also does not require public sharing of any other sensitive data, such as the locations of endangered species or data subject to other legitimate restrictions on public availability. Alternatives to the public sharing of sensitive or personal data include:

- Deposition of research data in controlled access repositories
- Anonymization or deidentification of data before public sharing
- Only sharing metadata about the research data
- Stating the procedures for accessing your research data in your article and managing data access requests from other researchers

### Embargoes

Embargoes on data sharing are permitted with the agreement of the Managing Editor. If your data cannot be made available upon publication (for example, if the dataset cannot be published before the completion of a funded research project), the Managing Editor may allow for the dataset to be published with an embargo period – that way, the data would be safely deposited in a repository, but others will not have access to the data until the time specified in the embargo. The standard embargo on data sharing is up to 12 months.

## Supplementary materials

Researchers are discouraged from using Supplementary Materials to publish their data as that would restrict access to the datasets. Authors are encouraged to ensure that their datasets are either deposited in publicly available repositories (where available and appropriate) or presented in the main manuscript.

## Data repositories

The preferred mechanism for sharing research data is via data repositories. Please see <https://www.re3data.org/>, <https://fairsharing.org/>, or <https://repositoryfinder.datacite.org/> for help finding research data repositories. Unless there are other institutional or funder's policy requirements, research data should be submitted to discipline-specific, community-recognized repositories where possible, or to general-purpose repositories (such as Dryad, figShare, or Zenodo) if no suitable community resource is available. We strongly recommend using [CoreTrustSeal](#) certified repositories.

## Data citation

The journal encourages authors to cite any publicly available research data in their reference list. References to datasets (data citations) must include a persistent identifier (such as a DOI). Citations of datasets, when they appear in the reference list, should include the minimum information recommended by DataCite and follow journal style.

## Data licensing

The journal encourages research data to be made available under open licenses that permit reuse freely (for example, [Creative Commons 4.0](#) CC0 or CC-BY are widely used for such a purpose). Your data should be assigned a persistent identifier (e.g. DOI) to ensure the link will be preserved even if the dataset moves to another website. The journal does not enforce particular licenses for research data, where research data are deposited in third party repositories. The publisher of the journal does not claim copyright in research data.

## Data availability statements

The journal requires authors of any articles that report results derived from research data to include a Data Availability Statement (DAS). The provision of a DAS will be verified as a condition of publication. DASs should include information on where data supporting the results reported in the article can be found including, where applicable, hyperlinks to publicly archived datasets analyzed or generated during the study. Where research data are not publicly available, this must be stated in the manuscript along with any conditions for accessing the data. DAS should be placed as a separate (unnumbered) section between the Acknowledgments and References. Authors are responsible for providing truthful and verifiable information in this section. DASs must take one of the following forms (or a combination of more than one if required for multiple types of research data):

- The datasets generated during and/or analyzed during the current study are available in the [NAME] repository, [PERSISTENT WEB LINK TO DATASETS]
- The datasets generated during and/or analyzed during the current study are available from the corresponding author on reasonable request.
- Data sharing is not applicable to this article as no datasets were generated or analyzed during the current study.
- All data generated or analyzed during this study are included in this published article [and its supplementary information files].
- The data that support the findings of this study are available from [third party name] but restrictions apply to the availability of these data, which were used under license for the current study, and so are not publicly available. Data are however available from the authors upon reasonable request and with permission of [third party name].

## Research data and peer review

Journal's data sharing policy requires the authors to place Data Availability Statement (DAS) as a separate section between the Acknowledgments and References. DASs should include information on where data supporting the results reported in the article can be found including, where applicable, hyperlinks to publicly archived datasets analyzed or generated during the study. Where research data are not publicly available, this must be stated in the manuscript along with any conditions for accessing the data.

Peer reviewers are encouraged to check the manuscript's Data Availability Statement. Where applicable, they should consider if the authors have complied with the journal's policy on the availability of research data, and whether reasonable effort has been made to make the data that support the findings of the study available for replication or reuse by other researchers. Peer reviewers are entitled to request access to underlying data (and code) when needed for them to perform their evaluation of a manuscript.

## Researcher/author support

For any questions regarding the data policy, please contact our Editorial Office at [openhealth@degruyter.com](mailto:openhealth@degruyter.com)

The policy is based on the recommendations of the research data policy framework described in: Hrynaszkiewicz I, Simons N, Hussain A, Grant R, Goudie S. Developing a Research Data Policy Framework for All Journals and Publishers. *Data Sci J.* 2020;19:5. DOI: <https://doi.org/10.5334/dsj-2020-005>.