Contents

PART ONE: ANCIENT POLITICAL THOUGHT

I. The Sources 3
II. The Nature of Indian Thought 14
III. The Rod of Law: Manu 26
THE MANUSAMHITA 28
The King 28
The King's Ministers 31
IV. Epic Political Science: Vyasa 35
THE SANTIPARVAN 38
The Ruler in Normal Times 38
The Ruler in Times of Disaster 43
V. The Art of Politics: Kautilya 49
THE ARTHASAstra 53
Ministers and Citizens 53
Administration and Revenue 57
Foreign Policy 58
VI. Medieval Statesmanship: Sukra 64
THE SUKRANITI 66
On Government 66
On Law 71

PART TWO: MODERN POLITICAL THOUGHT

VII. The Indian Renaissance 79
VIII. The Ruling Class: Vivekananda 87
MODERN INDIA 89
The Cycle of Caste 89
New India and the West 98
CONTENTS

IX. The True Freedom: Tagore 105
   NATIONALISM 108
      India's Problem 108
      India's Solution 117

X. Government and Man: Aurobindo 122
   THE SPIRIT AND FORM OF INDIAN POLITY 124
      The Failure of Unity 124
      The Persistence of Community 129

XI. Nonviolence as Political Power: Gandhi 139
   YOUNG INDIA 142
      Suffering and Sacrifice 142
      Noncoöperation and Nonviolence 145
      Swaraj and Liberty 153

XII. The White Umbrella 157

TRANSLITERATION AND PRONUNCIATION OF SANSKRIT WORDS 162
NOTES 163
BIBLIOGRAPHY 183
INDEX 192

Illustrations

VIVEKANANDA facing 94
RABINDRANATH TAGORE 110
AUROBINDO GHOSE 126
MOHANDAS K. GANDHI 142

The drawing on the title page was made from a section of a South Indian temple fresco depicting the White Umbrella ritual at the coronation of King Rama.